**Financial Statements** 

31 March 2018

# Financial Statements 31 March 2018

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# ASHAPURA MINECHEM (UAE) FZE Directors' Report

The Directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements of ASHAPURA MINECHEM (UAE) FZE for the year ended 31 March 2018.

### Principal activities

The establishment has carried out the activities of import, export and distribution of industrial minerals during the year.

### Results and appropriations

The results of the establishment and the appropriations made for the year ended 31 March 2018 are set out on pages 5 and 6 of the financial statements and the basis of preparation of the financial statements are described in note 2.

In my opinion, the financial statements set out on page 5 to 17 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as at 31 March 2018 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the company for the year then ended in accordance with applicable implementing rules and regulation issued by Hamriyah Free Zone Authority and International Financial Reporting Standards.

At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

### Events since the end of the year

There were no important events which have occurred since the year-end that materially affect the establishment.

#### Shareholder and its interest

The shareholder and its interest in the establishment as at 31 March 2018 is as under:

	Country of Incorporation	No. of shares	USD
Ashapura Minechem Limited	India	100 %	2,778,690

### Directors

The Directors who served during the year were:

Mr. Sunay Shah

Mr. Hemulkumar Ramesh Shah

### Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint the auditors and fix their remuneration will be put to the board at the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

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Mr. Hemulkumar Ramesh Shah

DIRECTOR

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF ASHAPURA MINECHEM (UAE) FZE

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

**Opinion** 

We have audited the financial statements of ASHAPURA MINECHEM (UAE) FZE (the "establishment") which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2018, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the establishment in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Hamriyah Free Zone Authority and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs and implementing regulations of Hamriyah Free Zone Authority, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the establishment's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the establishment or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the establishment's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the

basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF ASHAPURA MINECHEM (UAE) FZE

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the establishment's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the establishment's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the establishment to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

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As required by the Articles of Association adopted by the establishment in accordance with implementing rules and regulations issued by the Hamriyah Free Zone Authority, we further confirm that we have obtained all the information and explanations necessary for our audit and proper books of account have been kept by the establishment.

Signed by:

Kaid A. Pedhiwala Chartered Accountants Reg. No. 164

Sharjah

14 May 2018

شركة قايد لتدقيق الحسابات KAID AUDITING CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS RO.Dox 23044, Sharjah - U.A.E.

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### ASHAPURA MINECHEM (UAE) FZE

Statement of Financial Position 31 March 2018

	Notes	2018 US \$	2017 <u>US</u> \$
ASSETS	2.336.5566	35055.25	
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	476	607
Investments	6	4,261,483	4,261,483
Loan to a related party	11	5,494,735	2,242,193
• •	- "	9,756,694	6,504,283
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	570,527	1,490,953
Prepayments		13,583	13,577
Cash and cash equivalents	8	2,985,430	1,205,527
		3,569,540	2,710,057
Total assets		13,326,234	9,214,340
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Shareholder's funds Capital and reserves			
Share capital	9	2,778,690	2,778,690
Accumulated losses	,	(1,481,981)	(1,050,418)
Total shareholder's funds		1,296,709	1,728,272
Non-current liabilities			
Staff end of service gratuity		1,930	634
Due to related parties	11	3,627,601	<u>7,133,536</u>
		3,629,531	7,134,170
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		-	336,000
Advances from customers		8,379,200	-
Accrual		20794	15,898
		8,399,994	351,898
Total liabilities		12,029,525	7,486,068
Total equity and liabilities		13,326,234	9,214,340

The notes on pages 8 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Mr. Hemulkumar Ramesh Shah DIRECTOR

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### ASHAPURA MINECHEM (UAE) FZE

# Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 March 2018

	<u>Notes</u>	2018 US.\$	2017 US \$
Sales		1,503,001	873,490
Cost of sales		(1,407,080)	(1,016,210)
Gross profit/ (loss)		95,921	(142,720)
Other income		4,025	359,579
Other administrative expenses	10	(305,205)	(225,555)
Finance costs		(226,304)	(247,622)
Loss for the year		(431,563)	(256,318)
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive loss for the year		<u>(431,563)</u>	(256,318)

The notes on pages 8 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2018

	Share capital US §	Accumulated losses US \$	Total US \$
As at 31 March 2016	2,778,690	(794,100)	1,984,590
Loss for the year		(256,318)	(256,318)
As at 31 March 2017	2,778,690	(1,050,418)	1,728,272
Loss for the year		(431,563)	(431,563)
As at 31 March 2018	<u>2,778,690</u>	<u>(1.481,981)</u>	<u>1,296,709</u>

The notes on pages 8 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2018

	37. /	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities	Note	<u>US \$</u>	US_\$
Loss for the year		(431,563)	(256.219)
Adjustments for:		(451,505)	(256,318)
Depreciation		131	47
Provision for staff end of service gratuity		1,296	(5,686)
Finance costs		<u>226,304</u>	247,622
Operating loss before working capital changes		(203,832)	(14,335)
(Increase)/decrease in trade, other receivables and prepayments		920,420	(523,415)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		48,096	(393,037)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		764,684	(930,787)
Finance costs paid		(226,304)	(247,622)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		538,380	(1,178,409)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payment of purchase of property, plant and equipment		~	(654)
Loans from/(to) related parties (net)		<u>(6,758,477)</u>	244,918
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities		(6,758,477)	244264
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activity			
Proceeds from/(payment of) borrowing (net)		_8,000,000	_
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities		8,000,000	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,779,903	(934,145)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,205,527	2,139,672
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	2,985,430	1,205,527

The notes on pages 8 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1. Legal status and business activities

ASHAPURA MINECHEM (UAE) FZE ("the establishment") is a free zone establishment incorporated in the Hamriyah Free Zone pursuant to Emiri Decree No. 6 of 1995 of H.H. Sheikh Dr. Sultan Bin Mohammed Al-Qasimi Ruler of Sharjah and implementation Rules and Regulations issued there under by the Hamriyah Free Zone Authority. The address of the establishment's registered office is Leased Office Building 2 Office No. 2G-11, PO Box 42236, Hamriyah Free Zone, Sharjah, U.A.E.

The establishment is operating under license number 835 with import, export, and distribution of industrial materials as its licensed activities.

### 2. Basis of preparation

These financial statements contain information about the establishment as an individual establishment and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group or as a partner in joint ventures. The establishment has availed itself of the exemption under IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it, its subsidiary and its joint ventures are included by consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent company.

### Statement of compliance

The financial statements, have been prepared under accrual basis of accounting and going concern basis, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) and the applicable requirements of U.A.E. laws.

#### Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis.

### Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the establishment is U.A.E Dirham (AED) since the majority of the establishment's transactions are conducted in that currency or in US Dollars to which U.A.E Dirham is pegged and the establishment's presentation currency is in US Dollars.

### Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amount of financial assets and liabilities, revenues, expenses, disclosure of contingent liabilities and the resultant provisions and fair values. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about the several factors and actual results may differ from reported amounts.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are discussed in note 4.



# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The establishment has applied all applicable accounting standards and amendments which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2017. The establishment has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but are not yet effective.

### 3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies, which are consistent with those used in the previous year, in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the establishment's financial statements are as follows:

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of 4 to 5 years. Minor assets are fully depreciated in the year of purchase. An assessment of carrying values is undertaken at each statement of financial position date and, where material, if there is a change in estimate, an appropriate adjustment is made to the depreciation charge.

#### Investments

Subsidiaries are entities over which the establishment has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. A joint venture is a contractual agreement between the establishment and one or more other parties to undertake economic activity that is subject to joint control.

Investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures are accounted for at cost less provision for impairment in value of the investments, if any. Dividend income is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when dividend is paid by the subsidiaries or joint ventures out of the profits made subsequent to the date of acquisition.

### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when, and only when, the establishment becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are de-recognized when, and only when, the contractual rights to receive cash flows expire or when substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

Financial liabilities are de-recognized when, and only when, they are extinguished, cancelled or expired.

### Financial assets

The financial assets comprise cash and bank balance, trade and other receivables.

### Trade receivables

Trade receivables are stated at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollectible amount. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable and provided for in the accounts. Bad debts are written off as they arise and when there is no possibility of recovery.



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

### Financial instruments (cont'd)

### Other current financial assets

Other current financial assets comprise loan to related parties, advances and refundable deposits.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, bank balance in current accounts that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### Financial liabilities

The financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables and advance from customer.

### Loan and other payables

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether invoiced by the supplier or not.

### Staff end of service gratuity

The establishment provides end of service gratuity to its employees. The entitlement to these benefits is based upon the employees' basic salary and length of service. The expected costs of these benefits are accrued over the period of employment.

### Revenue

Revenue represents the net amount invoiced for goods delivered during the year.

### Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted to US Dollars at rates ruling when the transactions are entered into. Balances in foreign currencies are translated to US Dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date. The resulting exchange difference is taken to statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

# 4. Significant judgment employed in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

### 4.1 Significant judgment employed

The significant judgments made in applying accounting policies that have most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements pertains to impairment. At each reporting date, management conducts an assessment of property, plant and equipment, and all financial assets to determine whether there are any indications that they may be impaired.

In the absence of such indications, no further action is taken. If such indications do exist, an analysis of each asset is undertaken to determine its net recoverable amount and, if this is below its carrying amount, a provision is made.

In the case of loans and receivables, if an amount is deemed irrecoverable, it is written off to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income or, if previously a provision was made, it is written off against the provision. Reversals of provisions against loans and receivables are made to the extent of the related amounts being recovered.



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 4.2 Sources of estimation uncertainty

Key assumptions made concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are as follows:

### Carrying values of property, plant and equipment

Residual values are assumed to be zero unless a reliable estimate of the current value can be obtained for similar assets of ages and conditions that are reasonably expected to exist at the end of the assets' estimated useful lives.

### Impairment of other receivables

Management regularly undertakes a review of the amounts of other receivables and assess the likelihood of non-recovery. Such assessment is based upon the age of the debt, historic recovery rates and assessed credit worthiness of the receivable. Based on the assessment assumptions are made as to the level of provisioning required.

### Impairment

Assessment of net recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and all financial assets other than loans and receivables, per above, are based on assumptions regarding future cash flows expected to be received from related assets.

### Impairment of trade receivable

An estimation of the collectible amount of trade receivables is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. For individually significant amounts, this estimation is performed on an individual basis. Amounts which are not individually significant, but which are past due, are assessed collectively and a provision is applied according to the length of past time due, based on anticipated recovery rates.

5.	Property, plant and equipment	Furniture fixtures & office equipment
	(2018)	US.\$
	Cost	
	As at 01.04.2017	<u>22,872</u>
	As at 31.03.2018	<u>22,872</u>
	Depreciation	
	As at 01.04.2017	22,265
	Charge for the year	131
	As at 31.03.2018	22,396
	Net book value	
	As at 31.03.2018	476
	As at 31.03.2017	607



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

	Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)	)			Furniture fixtures & office equipment US \$
	(2017) Cost				
	As at 01.04.2016				22,218
	Addition during the year				65 <u>4</u>
	As at 31.03.2017				22,872
	Depreciation				
	As at 01.04.2016				22,218
	Charge for the year				47
	As at 31.03.2017			•	<u>22,265</u>
	Net book value				
	As at 31.03.2017				607
	As at 31.03.2016				
6,	Investments				
		Country of	% of	2018	2017
		Incorporation	<b>Ownership</b>	US S	US.S
	Investment in subsidiaries:				
	Ashapura Holdings UAE FZE	U.A.E	100	40,872	40,872
	PT Ashapura Resources Indonesia	Indonesia	100	1,000,000	1,000,000
	_			1,040,872	1,040,872
	Investment in joint ventures/associates:				
	Ashapura Midgulf NV	Belgium	48.975	2,131,147	2,131,147
	Ashapura Fareast SDN. BHD. (formerly	В		_,,	_,,,
	known as Hudson-MPA SDN, BHD.)	Malaysia	25	1,089,464	<u>1,089,464</u>
				3,220,611	<u>3,220,611</u>
	Total investments			<u>4,261,483</u>	4,261,483
	Share of net book value of investments a	s at 31 March 20	018		
	Ashapura Holdings UAE FZE and its subs	idiaries	T.A.	703 326)	(2 220 142)
	PT Ashapura Resources Indonesia	IGIAI IOS	(4	,793,326) 454,878	(3,328,142) 461,162
	Ashapura Midgulf NV		•	2,064,475	1,748,995
	Ashapura Fareast SDN. BHD. (As of 31 D	ecember 2017)	•	496,797	376,779
		/	$\overline{a}$	,777,176)	(741,206)

<sup>-</sup> The principal activity of Ashapura Holdings (UAE) FZE is investment of own resources. As of 31 March 2018 this establishment had a surplus of assets amounting to US \$1,374,310 (previous US\$ 1,168,148).

<sup>&</sup>gt; The establishment has made 100 % investment in the share capital of Ashapura Maritime FZE, Sharjah, U.A.E. As of 31 March 2018, the establishment's wholly owned subsidiary company Ashapura Maritime FZE had a deficiency of assets amounting to US \$ 3,955,638 (previous year US\$ 3,947,063) resulting from losses incurred since the inception of the establishment with accumulated losses of US \$ 3,996,510 (previous year US\$ 3,987,935). Although net book value of Ashapura Maritime FZE is negative, it will get adjusted on write back of bank loan liability of US\$ 4,000,000.



# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### Investments (cont'd)

- The establishment has also made 100% investments in the share capital of Ashapura Guinea Resources SARL, Republic of Guinea). The principal activity of the company is mining and trading in Bauxite products. The company has deficiency of assets amounting to USD \$ 2,248,937 (2017: USD 549,227) resulting from expenditure incurred since inception of the company.
- > The establishment has also made 40% investments in the share capital of Sohar Ashapura Chemicals LLC, Sultanate of Oman. The share of net book value as of 31 December 2017 was US \$ 3,350,963 (previous year US \$ 2,800,911).
  - The principal activity of PT. Ashapura Resources Indonesia is mining, service & trading. The management is still exploring other related avenues to commence the operations. As of 31 March 2018 this entity's equity funds have depleted resulting from losses incurred since its inception.
  - The principal activity of Ashapura Midgulf NV is development, manufacture and marketing of natural minerals. The share of net book value as of 31 March 2018 was US \$ 2,064,475 (previous year US \$ 1,748,995).
  - This represent investment in Ashapura Fureast SDN. BHD. transferred at cost (comprising share and premium price paid) from the ultimate parent company. The principal activity of the company is manufacturing & exporting of industrial absorbents. As per the audited accounts as of 31 December 2017 the entity has profit of RM 1,281,105 (loss in 2016: RM 1,893,538), and as of that date the company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RM 5,797,825 (2016: RM 7,419,828).

In the opinion of the management for the reasons mentioned above and considering non-permanent nature of diminution in the net book value of the investments no impairment is considering necessary in the accounts.

7.	Trade and other receivables	2018 US \$	2017 US_\$
	Trade receivables	-	960,000
	Loan to a business associate	155,395	489,702
	Advance to a related party - on trade account	264,000	-
	Advances for expenses	126,753	18,838
	VAT receivables	343	_
	Deposits	<u>24,036</u>	22,413
		<u>570,527</u>	1,490,953
8.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	1,254	667
	Bank balance in:	1,25	007
	Current accounts	<u>2,984,</u> 176	1,204,860
		2,985,430	1,205,527
9.	Share capital		
	Issued and paid up:		
	68 shares of AED 150,000 (converted @ 3.67)	<u>2,778,690</u>	<b>2,778,690</b>



# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 10. Other administrative expenses

Staff salaries and benefits	214,210	63,807
Rent and license expenses	21,110	19,708
Other administrative expenses	69,754	141,993
Depreciation	131	47
	305,205	225,555

### 11. Related parties transactions and balances

The company enters into transactions with parties that fall within the definition of a related party as contained in International Accounting Standard 24: Related Party Disclosures. Related parties are the entities which possess the ability (directly or indirectly) to conduct or exercise significant influence over the operating and financial decision of the company or vice versa and it is subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties comprise the parent company, fellow subsidiaries, directors, companies under common ownership and/or common management control and associates as under:

### Parent shareholder company

Ashapura Minechem Limited, India

#### Subsidiaries

- Ashapura Holdings (UAE) FZE, Hamriyah Free Zone, Sharjah, UAE
- PT Ashapura Resources Indonesia, Jakarta, Indonesia

### Step down subsidiaries

- Ashapura Maritime FZE, Hamriyah Free Zone, Sharjah, UAE
- Ashapura Guinea Resources SARL, Republic of Guinea
- PT Ashapura Bentoclay Fareast

#### Joint Venture

Ashapura Midgulf NV, Belgium

### Associate

Ashapura Fareast SDN, BHD.

The nature of significant related party transactions during the year and the amounts involved are as under:

Transactions and balances:	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
<ul> <li>Interest charged by a related party:</li> <li>Parent shareholder company</li> </ul>	221,578	246,573
<ul><li>Purchase</li><li>Parent shareholder company</li><li>Fellow subsidiary</li></ul>	- 788,600	336,000



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### Related parties transactions and balances (cont'd)

Due to related parties (funding account):

<del>-</del> -	Parent shareholder company – interest bearing Subsidiary company – non-interest bearing	3,171,709 455,892 <u>3,627,601</u>	6,671,504 <u>462,032</u> <u>7,133,536</u>
•	Advances on trade account: Parent shareholder company	264,000	-
•	Loans to a related party:		
_	Subsidiary establishment	5 494 735	2 242 193

Loans to and from the related parties and associate are unsecured and without any fixed repayment schedule. Loan to the related parties and associate are interest free. Loan from the parent shareholder company carries interest charge of 6.53% per annum.

Funding transactions with related parties as disclosed in due from and due to related parties represents interest free and or bearing funds provided or received to meet with working capital requirements.

### 12. Financial instruments: Credit, liquidity and market risk exposures

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

Financial assets, which potentially expose the establishment to concentrations of credit risk, comprise principally bank balance in current accounts, trade and other receivables and amounts due from related parties. The establishment's bank balance in current accounts are placed with high credit quality financial institution. Amounts due from related parties, trade and other receivables are considered good and recoverable by the management and accordingly no allowance for doubtful recoveries considered in the accounts. At the statement of financial position date, there are no significant concentrations of credit risk to receivables outside the industry in which the establishment operates.

### Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the ultimate parent company which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The parent company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, dealing with reputed financial institutions and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

#### Market risk

Market risk is a risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rate risk and currency risk, will affect the establishment's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.



# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### Financial instruments: Credit, liquidity and market risk exposures (cont'd)

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Loans to and from related parties are at the interest rates decided by the management from time to time

### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Except for following balances, there are no significant currency risks as substantially all financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in US Dollars or U.A.E Dirhams, which is fixed to US Dollars.

	2018	2017
Foreign currency assets:  Investment	US.\$	US.\$
European Union Euro Malaysian Ringgit	2,131,147 1,089,464	2,131,147 1,089,464
Trade and other receivables Indian Rupees	264,000	-
Foreign currency liabilities:  Due to a related party Indian Rupees	3,171,709	6,671,504

### 13. Capital risk management

The establishment manages its capital to ensure that the establishment will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to the parent company. The establishment's capital structure consists of bank balance and cash and equity, comprising share capital.

### 14. Financial instruments: Fair value

The fair values of the establishment's financial assets, comprising of loan to related parties, trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances and financial liabilities, comprising due to related parties, loan from a related party, trade and other payables, are approximate to their carrying values.

### 15. Contingent liability and capital commitment

There are no liabilities contingent in nature and capital commitment outstanding as of the statement of financial position date.

### 16. Comparative figures

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the presentation adopted in the current year.



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 17. Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 14 May 2018.